

MY SEIZURE MANAGEMENT PLAN

Functional Neurological Disorder (FND) is a condition that results in neurological symptoms such as functional seizures, paralysis, gait disorder, sensory issues, involuntary movements, problems with speech and swallowing, and bowel and bladder issues. Pain and chronic fatigue often co-exist with these symptoms.

FND is as disabling and distressing as similar neurological diseases such as epilepsy, Multiple Sclerosis, Parkinson and Stroke. For many people FND is a life-long condition that they will have to manage long term.

Functional Seizures unlike epilepsy are <u>not</u> due to abnormal electrical activity in the brain. Medications used to treat epilepsy may be unhelpful for people with FND unless the person also has epilepsy. FND results from a problem with the functioning of the nervous system. Functional seizures may present similar to epileptic seizures, although they are generally longer in duration. While functional seizures can look like epileptic seizures the attacks themselves are not harmful for the brain. People may experience epilepsy and functional seizures. Functional seizures are known by many different terms including dissociative attacks, dissociative seizures, non-epileptic seizures, non-epileptic attack disorder, functional non-epileptic seizures and FND attacks. Please use the term you are most comfortable with.

For people with functional seizures, **a seizure management plan** may be helpful so others know how to best support the person. NOTE: A seizure management plan is very individual, what helps one person, may not help another person with the same condition.

NAME	
DATE OF BIRTH	
MEDICATION/S I AM ON	
MEDICAL CONDITIONS	1.
	2.
	3.
	4.







OTHER RELEVANT	
MEDICAL HISTORY	
MY EMERGENCY	NAME:
CONTACT IS	RELATIONSHIP:
	PHONE NUMBER:
	(M)
	(H):
	(W):
MY DOCTOR /	NAME:
SPECIALIST CONTACT	ADDRESS:
DETAILS ARE:	PHONE NUMBER:
DETAILS AIRE.	(M)
	(141)
NAV CEIZLIDEC NAAV DE	
MY SEIZURES MAY BE	
TRIGGERED BY: e.g.	
fatigue, stress, emotions, (N/A = if no triggers or	
unknown)	
WARNING SIGNS PRIOR	
TO A SEIZURE (e.g.	
fatigued, distracted, feel an	
aura, dissociated, sad,	
agitated, other behaviour	
change)	
TYPES OF SEIZURES I	
HAVE ARE: e.g. epileptic	
and/or non-epileptic /	
functional / dissociative.	
Hyperkinetic – with shaking,	
stiffening, jerking and/or thrashing movements.	
Hypokinetic – falling down,	
lying still, fainting	
presentations	
Blank Spells – non-	
responsive, not present,	
trance-like state	







HOW MY SEIZURES		
PRESENT		
DURATION: MY SEIZURES		
MAY LAST FROM TO		
MIN		
FREQUENCY: HOW OFTEN		
MY SEIZURES TEND TO		
OCCUR		
HOW I NEED PEOPLE TO		
ASSIST e.g. place cushions		
around me, keep me safe		
from injury, reassure me,		
help keep me calm, remain		
calm around me.		
DURING A SEIZURE		
PLEASE <u>DON'T</u> e.g.		
sternum rub, hold me down,		
pinch me, panic		
AFTER A SEIZURE I MAY		
NEED: e.g. to rest, remain		
quiet		
I may NOT need an		
ambulance unless I am		
injured. Please call an		
ambulance in the		
following situation. E.g. If		
I am non-responsive,		
unconscious, injured		
This plan has been signed	off by my treating doctor / specialist.	
. 3		
PRACTITIONER NAME:		
PRACTITIONER NAME: PRACTITIONER SIGNATURE:		
PROFESSION:		
CONTACT DETAILS:		







REFERENCES

Reuber, M. (2019) Dissociative (non-epileptic) seizures: tackling common challenges after the diagnosis. Practical Neurology v. 19:332-341.

https://pn.bmj.com/content/practneurol/19/4/332.full.pdf

https://www.neurosymptoms.org/blackoutsattacks/4594357995

https://www.neurosymptoms.org/attack-treatment/4594358034

This document was prepared by Dr. Katherine Gill, FND Australia Support Services Inc. with input and feedback by FND specialist neurologists, Professor Jon Stone and Dr Alex Lehn; and group members of FND Australia Support Services Inc. living with functional seizures.



